### **Community Links:**

Tatum Schools <a href="http://www.tatumschools.org/">http://www.tatumschools.org/</a>
Tatum Weather <a href="http://www.tatumweather.com/">http://www.tatumweather.com/</a>

Town of Tatum Codes

Lea County

New Mexico

https://ecode360.com/TA3129
http://www.leacounty.net/
http://www.newmexico.gov/

Child Care https://tb2cdn.schoolwebmasters.com/accnt\_171650/site\_171651/Documents/Childcare-Flyer.pdf

NM Cannabis Rules and Regulations <a href="https://www.rld.nm.gov/cannabis/">https://www.rld.nm.gov/cannabis/</a>

Employment resources for living with disabilities https://www.resumebuilder.com/comprehensive-resume-and-career-guide-for-people-with-disabilities/

Town of Tatum Facebook Page https://www.facebook.com/TownofTatum/

Las Cruces & NM State Library Digital Literacy Classes https://lascruces.gov/arts-and-leisure/libraries/services/online-digital-literacy-classes/

New Mexico State Agencies Help with Child Care & Supervision (Link above & See below)
New Mexico Cannabis Rules and Regulations (Click on the Community Link above)
Employment resources for living with disabilities (Click on the Community Link above)
Town of Tatum Facebook Page (Click on the Community Link above)
Las Cruces & NM State Library Digital Literacy Classes (Click on the Community Link above)
Town of Tatum Promotes & Supports Federal Fair Housing (See below)







#### Contact:

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#### FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE:

Aug. 24, 2020

State agencies, regional co-ops collaborate on child care preparations
Remote learning creates new needs for New Mexico families

SANTA FE -- Two state agencies are partnering with state Regional Education Cooperatives to help families find the child care and supervision they need for school reentry during this pandemic year.

The New Mexico Public Education and Early Childhood Education and Care departments along with the Regional Education Cooperatives have prepared <u>this digital flier</u> with links to updated child-care information, including:

- A database of child-care options, searchable by county, ZIP code or school district;
- Information about how child care centers are staying safe;
- Eligibility information for child care assistance and an online application form;
- Information on how to become a temporary child care provider for friends, family and neighbors.

Families can also call Child Care Resource and Referral at 1-800-691-9067 or visit ECECD's "Am I Eligible?" site to apply directly for child care assistance.

"To those needing child care or supervision, you are not on your own. We're working hard to determine the extent and geography of those needs and to match families with qualified providers," said ECECD Secretary Elizabeth Groginsky.

Schools that have already opened are teaching remotely through Labor Day, when the state will begin phasing in a hybrid model in which students study remotely on some days and in the classroom on others.

"New Mexico families that never needed child care before may need it now due to remote learning. Through this partnership, the state is helping solve that problem so children get the supervision or care they need at any age," said PED Secretary Ryan Stewart.

"Child care is the backbone of our economy and it is critical that families have the information and resources they need to navigate these challenging times," said Andrea Fletcher, project lead for the Regional Education Cooperatives.

###





### We Do Business in Accordance With the Federal Fair Housing Law

(The Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988)

It is Illegal to Discriminate Against Any Person Because of Race, Color, Religion, Sex, Handicap, Familial Status, or National Origin

- In the sale or rental of housing or residential lots
- In advertising the sale or rental of housing
- In the financing of housing

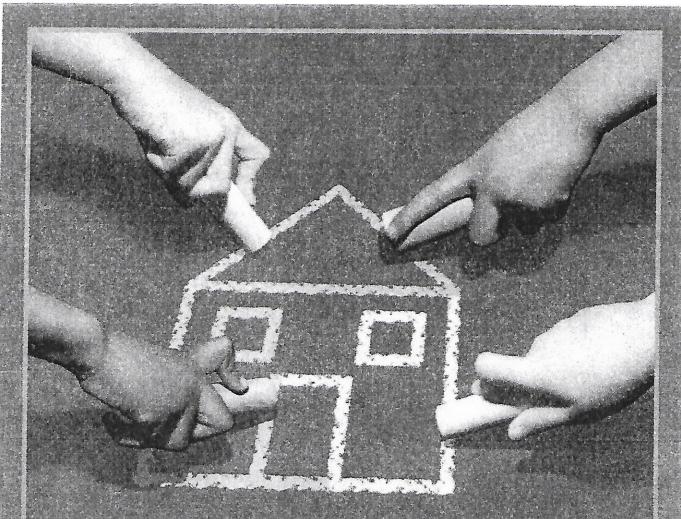
- In the provision of real estate brokerage services
- In the appraisal of housing
- Blockbusting is also illegal

Anyone who feels he or she has been discriminated against may file a complaint of housing discrimination:

1-800-669-9777 (Toll Free)

1-800-927-9275 (TDD)

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Assistant Secretary for Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity Washington, D.C. 20410



## WHEN WE EMBRACE DIVERSITY, WE BUILD STRONGER COMMUNITIES.

Studies show that diversity helps broaden children's social networks by creating opportunities for interaction across racial and ethnic lines. And that in turn contributes to greater tolerance, fair-mindedness and openness. Housing discrimination deters the creation of diverse communities. The federal Fair Housing Act prohibits discrimination because of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, familial status or disability. To file a discrimination complaint or to learn more about fair housing and diverse communities, contact HUD or your local fair housing center.

Visit hud.gov/fairhousing or call the HUD Hotline 1-800-669-9777 (English/Español)

FAIR HOUSING IS YOUR RIGHT. USE IT!





Rahonal Fair Housing Alliance



SCAN HERE FOR

A public service thessage from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development in partnership with the National Fair Housing Alliance.

# DIVERSE NEIGHBORHOODS PROMOTE UNDERSTANDING AND RESPECT...



### AND BEST OF ALL, FRIENDSHIP.

Neighborhood diversity promotes a greater sense of engagement, teaches that stereotypes are wrong and better prepares our children for the global community. When you welcome diversity, you encourage fair housing for all and help to stop housing discrimination.

Learn more about how fair housing promotes diversity at:

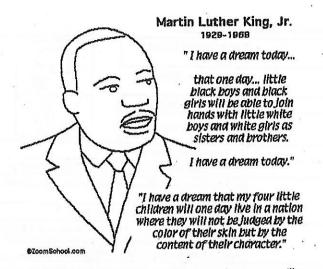
www.HUD.gov/fairhousing





A public service message from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development in partnership with the National Fair Housing Alliance. The federal Fair Housing Act prohibits discrimination because of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, family status or disability. For more information, visit www.hud.gov/fairhousing.

National Fair Housing Alliance



"When we let freedom ring, when we let it ring from every village and every hamlet, from every state and every city, we will be able to speed up that day when all of God's children, black men and white men, Jews and Gentiles, Protestants and Catholics, will be able to join hands and sing the words of the old Negro spiritual, "Free at last! Free at last! Thank God Almighty, we are free at last!" Martin Luther King Jr. Aug. 28, 1963

Directions: Create your own "I Have a Dream Too!" speech by filling in the blanks

### "I Have a Dream, Too!"

I have a dream that one day this nation will				
I have a dream that one day				
I have a dream that				
I have a dream today.				
I have a dream that one day				
I have a dream today.	1812.	<u>.</u>		
I have a dream that one day				
This is my hope and faith. With this faith we will be able to				
This will be the day when				
Signed:		¥.		

Prepared by: Housing Rights, Inc. P.O. Box 12895, Berkeley, CA 94712. 510-548-8776.

The Fair Housing Act was signed on April 11, 1968, just one week after the assassination of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. This landmark bill, Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968, resulted from the hard work and leadership of Dr. King and others in the civil rights movement and was an important step toward confronting discrimination against minorities in housing. Throughout the early 1960's civil rights activists around the country petitioned Congress for a comprehensive fair housing law. However, it wasn't until 1966, when Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. led marches throughout the City of Chicago, that fair and open housing became a national tonic.

The enactment of the Federal Fair Housing Act came only after a long and difficult journey. From 1966-1967, Congress regularly considered the fair housing bill, but failed to garner a strong enough majority for its passage. However, when the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. was assassinated on April 4, President Lyndon Johnson responded, in part, to this national tragedy by urging the bill's speedy Congressional approval. Since the 1966 open housing marches in Chicago, Dr. King's name had been closely associated with the fair housing legislation.

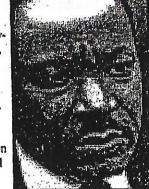
While Dr. King was a leader in the struggle for open housing, his acts alone would not have changed America. It was thousands of people across the US who participated in marches, sitins and other numerous protests that swayed opinions and ultimately changed this country.

Housing Rights, Inc. is one of many agencies in the Bay Area (and one of the oldest) processing thousands of complaints each year and striving to educate the public about their housing rights and responsibilities.

Fair Housing for Everyone - Activity Book

Federal and State of California law makes it unlawful to discriminate in housing based on race, color, ancestry, national origin, religion, gender, sexual orientation, source of income, age, marital status, disability or family status (families with children under the age of 18, or who are expecting a child).

The more that members of the community are aware of these issues and aware that discrimination can and does occur the less it (discrimination) will in fact keep people from accessing homes of their



Martin Luther King, J	r., was a great man v	who worked for racial			
equality and		in the USA.			
	was on January 15, 192				
3	, Georgi	a. Both his			
		ndfather were			
	. His mo	ther was a school-			
teacher who taught hi	m how to	be-			
fore he went to school		an excellent			
	in school				
After graduating from		and			
getting married, Dr. K		er and moved to			
King became active in	the movement for a	During the 1950's, Dr.			
pated in the Montgom	ery Alabama bus	ivii rights. He partici-			
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onstrations that protes					
		He won the			
D. V:	Peace Priz	e in 1964.			
Dr. King was		on April			
4, 1968, in Memphis,		•			
Commemorating the l	ife of a tremendousl	y important leader, we			
celebrate Martin Luth	er King Day each ye	ar in			
		the month of his birth.			
Word Bank:					
Atlanta	Nobel	T1			
father	civil rights	student Alabama			
read	assassinated	Tennessee			
boycott	January	born			
college	ministers	African-Americans			

Timeline of Martin Luther King Jr.'s Life:

1929	Born on January 15, in At- lanta, Georgia				
1948	Graduates from Morehouse College				
1953	Marries Coretta Scott				
1955	Earns a doctoral degree				
1956	Dr. King's house is bombed				
1958	Dr. King publishes his first book, Stride Toward Freedom				
1963	Dr. King gives his "I Have a Dream" speech at the Lincoln Memorial in Washington, D.C.				
1964	Dr. King is awarded the Nobel Peace Prize				
1968	Dr. King is assassinated in Memphis, Tennessee and the Civil Rights Act is passed making it illegal to keep people out of housing because of the color of their skin				
1986	Martin Luther King Jr. Day is declared a national holiday in the U.S.				

Find the words in the matrix. Then read the leftover letters to find a secret message about Martin Luther King Jr.

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boycati civil rights color demonstrate equality tree great

I have a dream leader minister Nobel Prize racism segregation skin